IUHPE

CORE COMPETENCIES

AND PROFESSIONAL STANDARDS

FOR HEALTH PROMOTION

Full version

April 2016

INTRODUCTION

Background

This booklet presents the IUHPE Core Competencies and Professional Standards for Health Promotion¹ which were originally developed as part of the Project 'Developing Competencies and Professional Standards for Health Promotion Capacity Building in Europe' (CompHP). The CompHP Project drew on international interest and experience in competency based approaches to Health Promotion. A consensus building process based on consultation with Health Promotion practitioners, policymakers, employers and education providers across Europe was at the core of the CompHP Project. However, the development process also incorporated input from an Expert Advisory group drawn from the global Health Promotion community. For full details on the development of the IUHPE Core Competencies and Professional Standards please refer to Barry, Battel, Davidson et al., 2012(1).

Who are the IUHPE Core Competencies and Professional standards for?

The IUHPE Core Competencies and Professional Standards are designed for use by practitioners whose main role and function is Health Promotion and who have a graduate qualification in Health Promotion or a related discipline. ² They are also designed for use by providers of Health Promotion education courses which aim to equip graduates to be ethical, effective and effective Health promotion practitioners.

The main purpose of the IUHPE Core Competencies and Professional Standards is to form the criteria for the registration of Health Promotion practitioners and accreditation of full Health Promotion courses within the IUHPE Health Promotion Accreditation System. ³

However, these competencies and standards may also be useful to those working in other professional areas whose role substantially includes Health Promotion; employers and

¹ Originally known as the CompHP Core Competencies and Professional Standards for Health Promotion. http://www.iuhpe.org/images/PROJECTS/ACCREDITATION/CompHP Project Handbooks.pdf

² Including, for example, public health, social sciences including psychology, epidemiology, sociology, education, communication, environmental health, community, urban or rural development, political science. This is not an exhaustive list as other academic qualifications may also be deemed as appropriate in given situations.

³ http://www.iuhpe.org/index.php/en/the-accreditation-system

professional associations and trade unions with a remit for Health Promotion practitioners and in the development of education and training programmes supporting Health Promotion practice.

Definitions⁴

Practitioner

Within the context of the IUHPE Core Competencies, Professional Standards and Accreditation System, a Health Promotion practitioner is defined as a person who works to promote health and reduce health inequities using the actions described by the Ottawa Charter (2):

- building healthy public policy
- creating supportive environments
- strengthening community action
- developing personal skills
- reorienting health services.

While job titles and educational course titles in different countries across Europe may not always include the term 'Health Promotion', the core competencies and professional standards are designed to be relevant to all practitioners whose main role reflects the Ottawa Charter's definition and principles of Health Promotion (2), and those of successive WHO charters and declarations on Health Promotion (3-13).

Health Promotion

Health Promotion is understood to be 'the process of enabling people to increase control over, and to improve, their health' (2). The Ottawa Charter (2) embraces a positive definition of health as being, 'a state of complete physical, social and mental well-being, and not merely the absence of disease or infirmity'. Health is conceptualised as a resource for everyday life, emphasising social and personal resources, as well as physical capacities. Health Promotion represents a comprehensive social and political process, which not only embraces action that is directed at strengthening the skills and capabilities of individuals, but

⁴ Please see http://www.iuhpe.org/index.php/en/the-accreditation-system for full Glossary of relevant terms.

also actions directed toward changing social, environmental and economic conditions which impact on health.

The IUHPE Core Competencies and Professional Standards for Health Promotion are underpinned by an understanding that Health Promotion has been shown to be an ethical, principled, effective and evidence-based discipline and that there are well-developed theories, strategies, evidence and values that determine good practice in Health Promotion.

The term 'Health Promotion action' is used in the context of these competencies and standards to describe programmes, policies and other organised Health Promotion interventions that are empowering, participatory, holistic, inter-sectoral, equitable, sustainable and multi-strategy in nature, which aim to improve health and reduce health inequities.

Using the IUHPE Core Competencies and Professional Standards for Health Promotion

The IUHPE Core Competencies and Professional Standards, in addition to forming the criteria for registration and accreditation, can be used for a range of purposes and in a variety of settings for individual Health Promotion practitioners, employing organisations, education and training providers and the general public, for example:

Individual practitioners:

- Assisting in career planning and identifying professional development and training needs
- Facilitating movement across roles, organisations, regions and countries through the
 use of shared understandings, qualifications and where appropriate, accreditation
 systems based on the professional standards.

Employing organisations:

- Providing the basis for recruitment, selection and ongoing assessment of Health Promotion practitioners
- Ensuring that there are clear guidelines for employers and organisations for the knowledge, skills and competencies needed to practice effectively and ethically
- Forming the basis for accountable practice and quality assurance
- Assisting employers and managers to gain a better understanding of Health
 Promotion roles in individual workplaces and develop appropriate job descriptions

 Promoting better communication and team work in multidisciplinary and multisectoral settings by providing a common language and shared understanding of the key concepts and practices used in Health Promotion.

Education and training providers:

• Informing education, training and qualification frameworks to ensure that they are relevant to practice and workplace needs.

The general public:

 Providing assurance that services delivered by Health Promotion practitioners are safe and effective.

ETHICAL VALUES UNDERPINNING THE IUHPE CORE COMPETENCIES AND PROFESSIONAL STANDARDS FOR HEALTH PROMOTION

Ethical values and principles for Health Promotion include a belief in equity and social justice, respect for the autonomy and choice of both individuals and groups, and collaborative and consultative ways of working.

Ethical Health Promotion practice is based on a commitment to:

- Health as a human right, which is central to human development
- Respect for the rights, dignity, confidentiality and worth of individuals and groups
- Respect for all aspects of diversity including gender, sexual orientation, age,
 religion, disability, ethnicity, race, and cultural beliefs
- Addressing health inequities, social injustice, and prioritising the needs of those experiencing poverty and social marginalisation
- Addressing the political, economic, social, cultural, environmental,
 behavioural and biological determinants of health and wellbeing
- Ensuring that Health Promotion action is beneficial and causes no harm
- Being honest about what Health Promotion is, and what it can and cannot achieve
- Seeking the best available information and evidence needed to implement effective policies and programmes that influence health
- Collaboration and partnership as the basis for Health Promotion action
- The empowerment of individuals and groups to build autonomy and self respect as the basis for Health Promotion action
- Sustainable development and sustainable Health Promotion action
- Being accountable for the quality of one's own practice and taking responsibility for maintaining and improving knowledge and skills

IUHPE CORE COMPETENCIES FOR HEALTH PROMOTION

The definition of competencies used in this Handbook is: 'a combination of the essential knowledge, abilities, skills and values necessary for the practice of Health Promotion,' adapted from Shilton ,Howat, James et al. 2001 (10). Core competencies are defined as the minimum set of competencies that constitute a common baseline for all Health Promotion roles i.e.; 'they are what all Health Promotion practitioners are expected to be capable of doing to work efficiently, effectively and appropriately in the field' (11).

The IUHPE Core Competencies for Health Promotion comprises domains of core competency which are illustrated in Figure 1. Ethical Values and the Health Promotion Knowledge base underpin all Health Promotion action detailed in the nine other domains. Ethical values are integral to the practice of Health Promotion and inform the context within which all the other competencies are practiced. The Health Promotion Knowledge domain describes the core concepts and principles that make Health Promotion practice distinctive.

The remaining nine domains: Enable Change, Advocate for Health, Mediate through Partnership, Communication, Leadership, Assessment, Planning, Implementation, and Evaluation and Research, each deal with a specific area of Health Promotion practice with their associated competency statements articulating the necessary skills needed for competent practice. It is the combined application of all the domains, the knowledge base and the ethical values which constitute the IUHPE Core Competencies Framework for Health Promotion

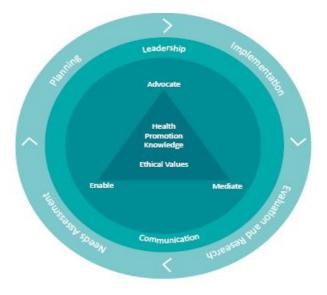


Figure 1 IUHPE Core Competencies for Health Promotion

IUHPE PROFESSIONAL STANDARDS FOR HEALTH PROMOTION

The IUHPE Professional Standards for Health Promotion were formulated to meet the widely accepted definition of what constitutes a standard, which is, 'a technical specification or other precise criteria designed to be used consistently as a rule, guideline, or definition' (12). The standards need to be commonly understood, specify technical criteria and be capable of being used consistently across varying settings and geographical regions.

Each standard specifies the knowledge, skills and performance criteria required to demonstrate acquisition of the core competencies in each domain. For each standard the knowledge, skills and performance criteria describe the requirements for **all** of the core competency statements in that area, and are not therefore aligned to individual statements. There is therefore some repetition of certain items across the standards.

The standards are pitched at entry level to the Health Promotion profession.

A Health Promotion practitioner must be able to meet **all** the Standards to be eligible for registration within the IUHPE Health Promotion Accreditation System.

A Health Promotion course provider must be able to demonstrate that all the Standards are covered within the course for it to be eligible for accreditation.

For more details on registration for practitioners and accreditation of course please see http://www.iuhpe.org/index.php/en/the-accreditation-system

IUHPE Core Competencies and Professional Standards for Health Promotion

The following table comprises the IUHPE Core Competencies for Health Promotion. Each domain is detailed at the top the table with the associated core competency statement given in the left side column. The related knowledge, skills and performance criteria for each domain (centre and left columns), together with the core competency statement, form the IUHPE Professional Standards for Health Promotion.

A Health Promotion practitioner acts professionally and ethically

Ethical Health Promotion practice is based on a commitment to health as a human right, which is central to human development. It demonstrates respect for the rights, dignity, confidentiality and worth of individuals, groups and communities; and for diversity of gender, sexual orientation, age, religion, disability and cultural beliefs. Ethical Health Promotion practice addresses health inequities and social injustice, and prioritises the needs of those experiencing poverty and social marginalisation. It acts on the political, economic, social, cultural, environmental, behavioural and biological determinants of health and wellbeing. A Health Promotion practitioner ensures that Health Promotion action is beneficial and causes no harm; and is honest about what Health Promotion is, and what it can and cannot achieve. In all areas of Health Promotion practice he/she acts professionally and ethically by:

Knowledge, skills and performance criteria

Evidence provided either from d	ocumentation, or assessment during work or study, of practitioner's ability to:
Recognise and address ethical dilemmas and issues, demonstrating:	 Knowledge of concepts, principles and ethical values of Health Promotion Knowledge of concepts of health equity, social justice and health as a human right Knowledge of existing and emerging legal and ethical issues in own area of practice Proactive in addressing ethical issues in an appropriate way (eg challenging others' unethical practice)
Act in ways that:	 Acknowledge and recognise people's expressed beliefs and preferences Promote the ability of others to make informed decisions Promote equality and value diversity Value people as individuals Acknowledge the importance of maintaining confidentiality Are consistent with evidence, legislation, policies, governance frameworks and systems
Continually develop and improve own and others' practice by:	 Reflecting on own behaviour and practice and identifying where improvements should be made Recognising the need for, and making use of, opportunities for own and others' development Being aware of different learning approaches and preferences Applying evidence in improving own area of work Objectively and constructively reviewing the effectiveness of own area of work

1. Enable Change Enable individuals, groups, communities and organisations to build capacity for health promoting action to improve health	h and
reduce health inequities. A Health Promotion practitioner is able to:	

reduce health inequities. A Health
Core Competency Statement
1.1 Work collaboratively across sectors to influence the development of public policies which impact positively on health and reduce health inequities 1.2 Use Health Promotion approaches which support empowerment, participation,
partnership and equity to create environments and settings which promote health
1.3 Use community development approaches to strengthen
community participation and ownership and build capacity for
Health Promotion action 1.4 Facilitate the development of

personal skills that will maintain and

1.5 Work in collaboration with key

stakeholders to reorient health and

other services to promote health and

improve health

reduce health inequities

Core Knowledge and Skills required:

Knowledge

- Determinants of health and health inequities
- Theory and practice of collaborative working including: facilitation, negotiation, conflict resolution, mediation, teamwork
- Theory and practice of community development including: equity, empowerment, participation and capacity building
- Knowledge of strategy and policy development and how legislation impacts on health
- Health Promotion models
- Health Promotion settings approach
- Behavioural change techniques for brief advice / interventions
- Organisational theory
- Theory and practice of organisational development and change management
- Understanding of social and cultural diversity

Performance Criteria – evidence provided either from documentation, or assessment during work or study, of practitioner's ability to:

- 1a. Contribute to collaborative work with stakeholders across specified sectors that aims to influence policies or services to improve health and reduce health inequities.
- 1b. Demonstrate an ability to select appropriate change management and organisational development approaches to support the creation of health promoting environments and/or settings in a specified area, and show how the approaches used support empowerment, participation, partnership and equity.
- 1c. Select and use appropriate community development approaches for a specified community, and show how the methods used can lead to strengthened participation, ownership and Health Promotion capacity.
- 1d. Use appropriate behavioural change techniques for specified individuals or groups to facilitate the development of personal skills to maintain or improve health, and develop the capacity of others to support behavioural change.

Skills

- Partnership building and collaborative working
- Behavioural change techniques
- Organisational development
- Change management
- Community development including empowerment, participation and capacity building
- Ability to work with: Individuals and groups defined by geography, culture, age, setting, or interest; and those in own/other organisations/sectors

		Performance Criteria – evidence provided either
Core Competency Statement	Core Knowledge and Skills required:	from documentation, or assessment during work of study, of the practitioner's ability to:
2.1 Use advocacy strategies and	Knowledge	
techniques which reflect Health	Determinants of health	2a. Show how advocacy strategies can be used in a
Promotion principles	Advocacy strategies and techniques	specified area for Health Promotion action, and
	Methods of stakeholder engagement	demonstrate how they reflect Health Promotion
2.2 Engage with and influence key	Health and wellbeing issues relating to a specified	principles.
stakeholders to develop and sustain Health Promotion action	population or group	
Health Promotion action	Theory and practice of community development	2b. Identify the range of relevant
2.3 Raise awareness of and influence	including: empowerment, participation and	stakeholders/partners in a specified area or settin
public opinion on health issues	capacity building	and show how their support can be engaged to
•	Knowledge of strategy and policy development	develop and sustain advocacy and Health
2.4 Advocate for the development of	Skills	Promotion action.
policies, guidelines and procedures	- Use of advocacy techniques	
across all sectors which impact	- Working with a range of stakeholders	2c. Select and use appropriate communication
positively on health and reduce	- Facilitation	methods for a specified audience in order to raise
health inequities	- Community development including	awareness, influence opinion, advocate for and
2.5 Facilitate communities and	empowerment, participation, capacity building	enable action on health and wellbeing issues.
groups to articulate their needs and	and equality impact assessment	
advocate for the resources and	- Ability to work with: Individuals and groups	2d. Select and use appropriate community
capacities required for Health	defined by gender, social and economic status,	development approaches to facilitate a specified
Promotion action	geography, culture, age, setting, or interest; and	community or group to articulate their health and
	those in own/other organisations/sectors	wellbeing needs.

3. Mediate through partnership Work collaboratively across disciplines, sectors and partners to enhance the impact and sustainability of Health Promotion action. A Health Promotion practitioner is able to:		
Core Competency Statement	Core Knowledge and Skills required:	Performance Criteria – evidence provided either from documentation, or assessment during work or study, of the practitioner's ability to:
3.1 Engage partners from different sectors to actively contribute to Health Promotion action 3.2 Facilitate effective partnership	Knowledge - Theory and practice of collaborative working including: facilitation, negotiation, conflict resolution, mediation, teamwork, networking, stakeholder engagement	3a. Describe own role in a specified partnership, coalition or network, and demonstrate the skills or actions needed to develop, facilitate and sustain effective partnership working.
working which reflects Health Promotion values and principles	 Systems, structures and functions of different sectors, organisations and agencies Principles of effective intersectoral partnership working 	3b. Identify the range of relevant stakeholders/partners in a specified area or setting, and show how they are engaged actively
3.3 Build successful partnership through collaborative working, mediating between different sectoral interests	Skills - Stakeholder engagement - Collaborative working - Facilitation and mediation - Communication skills	in Health Promotion action. 3c. Show how different sectoral interests in a specified partnership, coalition or network are identified and acted upon, and demonstrate own
3.4 Facilitate the development and sustainability of coalitions and networks for Health Promotion action	 Communication skills Ability to work with: stakeholders from community groups and organisations; and partnerships, coalitions or networks for health improvement; public and private sector and civil society Networking 	role in mediating between sectors.

audiences. A Health Promotion pract Core Competency Statement	Core Knowledge and Skills required:	Performance Criteria – evidence provided either from documentation, or assessment during work or study, of the practitioner's ability to:
4.1 Use effective communication skills including written, verbal, nonverbal, listening skills and information technology 4.2 Use electronic and other media to receive and disseminate Health Promotion information	 Knowledge Understanding of social and cultural diversity Theory and practice of effective communication including Interpersonal communication and group work Applications of information technology for social networking media, and mass media Diffusion of innovations theory Health literacy 	 4a. Use a range of communication skills for Health Promotion action, including: written, verbal, non-verbal, listening, presentation and groupwork facilitation skills. 4b. Have a working knowledge of the use of information technology and electronic media for Health Promotion.
4.3 Use culturally appropriate communication methods and techniques for specific groups and settings 4.4 Use interpersonal communication and groupwork skills to facilitate individuals, groups, communities and organisations to improve health and reduce health inequities	Skills - Communication skills: including written, verbal, non-verbal, listening skills and information technology - Working with individuals and groups - Use of electronic media and information technology - Use of print, radio, TV and social media - Ability to work with: individuals, groups, communities and organisations in diverse settings	 4c. Identify and use culturally sensitive and appropriate communication techniques for a specified group. 4d. Identify and use innovative communication techniques appropriate for the specific setting, customs, and social and cultural environment

Core Competency Statement	Core Knowledge and Skills required:	Performance Criteria – evidence provided either from documentation, or assessment during work or study, of the practitioner's ability to:
5.1 Work with stakeholders to agree a shared vision and strategic direction for Health Promotion action 5.2 Use leadership skills which facilitate empowerment and participation	 Knowledge Theory and practice of effective leadership Including team work, negotiation, motivation, conflict resolution, decision-making, facilitation and problemsolving 	5a. Identify and mobilise leaders within the community, showing how they are engaged and motivated to agree a shared vision and strategic direction.
(including team work, negotiation, motivation, conflict resolution, decision- making, facilitation and problem- solving)	 Management and organisational development theory Strategy development Theory and practice of collaborative working including: facilitation, negotiation, conflict resolution, mediation, 	5b. Demonstrate use of own leadership skills in eg teamwork and decision-making describing own role in a specified area of Health Promotion action.
5.3 Network with and motivate stakeholders in leading change to improve health and reduce inequities 5.4 Incorporate new knowledge and	decision-making, teamwork, stakeholder engagement, networking - Principles of effective intersectoral partnership working - Emerging challenges in health and Health Promotion	5c. Demonstrate how to incorporate new ideas and knowledge to improve practice through own role in a specified area of Health Promotion action.
ideas to improve practice and respond to emerging challenges in Health Promotion	- Principles of effective human and financial resource management and mobilisation Skills	5d. Demonstrate how resources were mobilised for a specified Health Promotion action, and show an understanding of the principles of effective
5.5 Contribute to mobilising and managing resources for Health Promotion action	 Stakeholder engagement / networking Collaborative working skills Facilitation 	management of staff and/or budgets for Health Promotion.
5.6 Contribute to team and organisational learning to advance	- Ability to motivate groups and individuals towards a common goal	5e. Reflect on own practice, and show how this contributes to team and/or organisational learning

Resource management

Health Promotion action

to advance Health Promotion action.

6. Assessment

Conduct assessment of needs and assets, in partnership with stakeholders, in the context of the political, economic, social, cultural, environmental, behavioural and biological determinants that promote or comprise health. A Health Promotion practitioner is able to:

environmental, behavioural and biological	determinants that promote or comprise health. A He	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Core Competency Statement	Core Knowledge and Skills required:	Performance Criteria – evidence provided either from documentation, or assessment during work or study, of the practitioner's ability to:
6.1 Use participatory methods to engage	Knowledge	
stakeholders in the assessment process	 Range of assessment methods/processes using both qualitative and quantitative methods 	6a. Identify the range of relevant stakeholders/partners in a specified area or
6.2 Use a variety of assessment methods including quantitative and qualitative research methods	 Available data and information sources Social determinants of health Health inequalities Evidence base for Health Promotion action and 	setting, and show how their support is engaged in a needs/assets assessment process, and in identifying priorities for action.
6.3 Collect, review and appraise relevant data, information and literature to inform Health Promotion action	priority setting - Understanding social and cultural diversity	6b. Select appropriate qualitative and quantitative methods for use in a specified assessment process.
	Skills	
6.4 Identify the determinants of health which impact on Health Promotion action	Partnership building and negotiationHealth Impact AssessmentHow to obtain, review and interpret data or	6c. Identify, collect, critically appraise and analyse a range of data and information relevant to a specified assessment process, and
6.5 Identify the health needs, existing assets and resources relevant to Health Promotion action	informationQualitative research methods including participatory and action research	illustrate how conclusions lead to recommendations for Health Promotion action.
6.6 Use culturally and ethically appropriate assessment approaches	 Quantitative research methods including statistical analysis Critical appraisal skills Ability to work with: stakeholders from community 	6d. Demonstrate how the approaches used in a specified assessment process are socially, culturally and ethically appropriate.
6.7 Identify priorities for Health Promotion action in partnership with stakeholders based on best available evidence and ethical values	groups/organisations; partnerships, coalitions or networks for health improvement; information/ data analysts and/or researchers	

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7.	Ы	lanning
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Develop measurable Health Promotion goals and objectives based on assessment of needs and assets in partnership with stakeholders. A Health Promotion practitioner is able to:

Health Promotion practitioner is ab	ple to:	
		Performance Criteria – evidence provided either
Core Competency Statement	Core Knowledge and Skills required:	from documentation, or from assessment during
		work or study, of the practitioner's ability to:
7.1 Mobilise, support and engage		
the participation of stakeholders in	Knowledge	7a. Identify the range of relevant
planning Health Promotion action	- Use and effectiveness of current Health	stakeholders/partners in a specified area, and devise
	Promotion planning models and theories	ways through which their support and participation
7.2 Use current models and	- Principles of project/programme management	is engaged in planning Health Promotion action.
systematic approaches for	- Principles of resource management and risk	
planning Health Promotion action	management	7b. Present a rationale for the selection and use of
		appropriate Health Promotion planning model(s).
7.3 Develop a feasible action plan		_
within resource constraints and	Skills	7c. Develop a Health Promotion action plan, based
with reference to existing needs	- Use of Health Promotion planning models	on an assessment of needs and assets for a specified
and assets	- Analysis and application of information about	area/setting that shows an understanding of: the
	needs and assets	range of Health Promotion strategies that may be
7.4 Develop and communicate	- Use of project/programme planning and	used to meet identified needs; the human and
appropriate, realistic and	management tools	financial resources required for Health Promotion
measurable goals and objectives	- Ability to work with: groups and communities	action; and measurable goals.
for Health Promotion action	targeted by the Health Promotion action;	
	stakeholders and partners	
7.5 Identify appropriate Health	·	
Promotion strategies to achieve		
agreed goals and objectives		

8. Implementation Implement effective and efficient, or Promotion practitioner is able to:	culturally sensitive, and ethical Health Promotion act	tion in partnership with stakeholders. A Health
Core Competency Statement	Core Knowledge and Skills required:	Performance Criteria – evidence provided either from documentation, or from assessment during work or study, of the practitioner's ability to:
8.1 Use ethical, empowering, culturally appropriate and participatory processes to implement Health Promotion action 8.2 Develop, pilot and use appropriate resources and materials	 Knowledge Principles of project/programme management Principles of effective human and financial resource management including performance management and risk management Theory and practice of programme implementation 	8a. Develop and pilot resources and materials for a specified Health Promotion action identifying the participatory processes used and demonstrating how they are culturally appropriate and empowering.
8.3 Manage the resources needed for effective implementation of planned action8.4 Facilitate programme sustainability and stakeholder	 Understanding social and cultural diversity Quality assurance, monitoring and process evaluation Theory and practice of community development including: empowerment, participation and capacity building 	8b. Identify the human and financial resources required for the implementation of a specified Health Promotion action, and demonstrate responsibility for efficient use of resources either as part of own role or collaboratively with others.
ownership through ongoing consultation and collaboration 8.5 Monitor the quality of the implementation process in relation to agreed goals and objectives for Health Promotion action	Skills - Use of participatory implementation processes - Use of project/programme management tools - Resource management - Collaborative working - Ability to work with: groups and communities participating in the Health Promotion action;	8c. Identify the range of relevant stakeholders/partners for a specified Health Promotion action, and show how collaboration is developed and sustained. 8d. Identify the information required to monitor the quality of the implementation process, and

stakeholders and partners; team members

Monitoring and process evaluation

show how it is collected, analysed and used to

maintain quality.

9. Evaluation and Research

Use appropriate evaluation and research methods, in partnership with stakeholders, to determine the reach, impact and effectiveness of Health Promotion action. A Health Promotion practitioner is able to demonstrate:

		Performance Criteria – evidence provided either
Core Competency Statement	Core Knowledge and Skills required:	from documentation, or from assessment during
		work or study, of the practitioner's ability to:
9.1 Identify and use appropriate	Knowledge	
Health Promotion evaluation tools	- Knowledge of different models of evaluation	9a. Identify appropriate methods for the evaluation
and research methods	and research	of a specified Health Promotion action.
	- Formative and summative evaluation	
9.2 Integrate evaluation into the	approaches	9b. Critically appraise research literature and use
planning and implementation of all	- Qualitative and quantitative research methods	evidence and/or guidance in the planning and
Health Promotion action	- Data interpretation and statistical analysis	implementation of Health Promotion action
	- Evidence base for Health Promotion	
9.3 Use evaluation findings to		9c. Analyse and evaluate complex data including
refine and improve Health	Skills	statistical information relating to a specified Health
Promotion action	- Use of a range of research methods and tools	Promotion action.
	- Ability to formulate answerable research	
9.4 Use research and evidence	questions	9d. Show how findings from evaluation and
based strategies to inform practice	- Critical appraisal and review of literature	monitoring processes are used to refine and improve
5 ,	- Write research reports and communicate	Health Promotion action.
9.5 Contribute to the development	research findings effectively and appropriately	
and dissemination of Health	- Ability to work with: stakeholders, communities	9e.Report on research findings and identify their
Promotion evaluation and research	and researchers	implications for stakeholders and communities; and
-	and researchers	implications for stakeholders and communities; and contribute to publications in professional,
Promotion evaluation and research	and researchers	

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